Wonderful Water

Mangrove Ecosystems in TCI

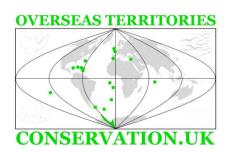
7. Classification of organisms in a Mangrove Ecosystem

Teachers' Guide Some example identification keys

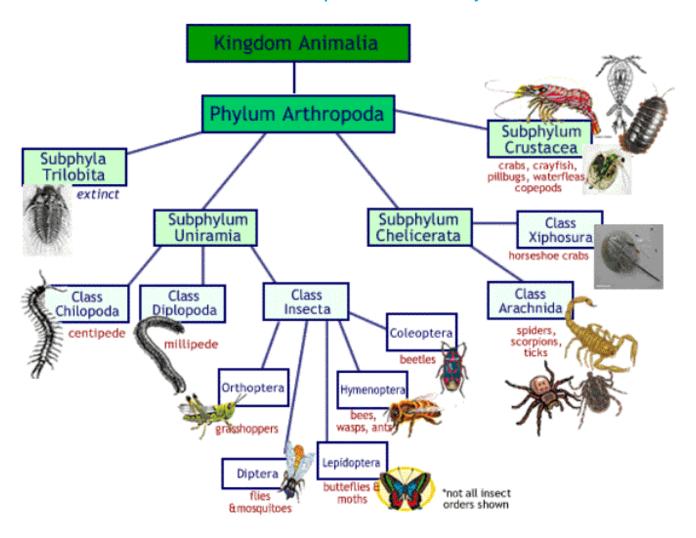




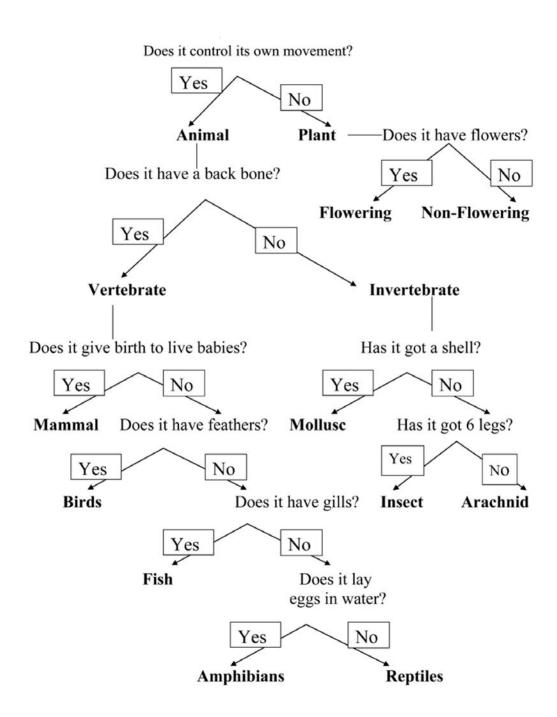




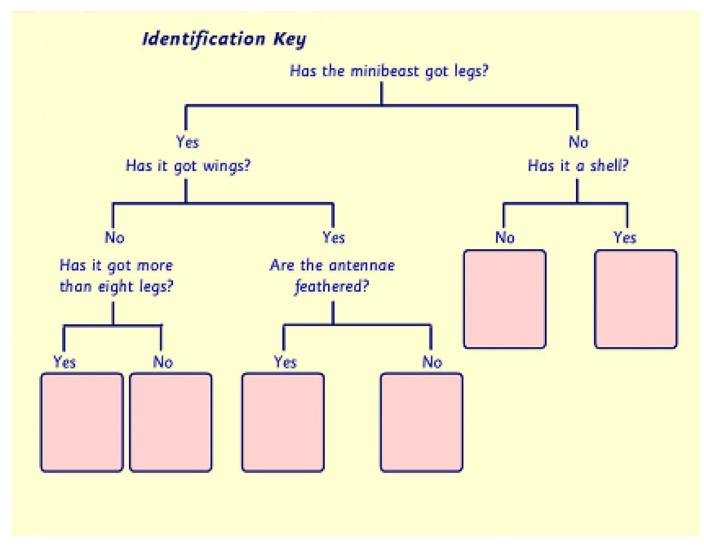




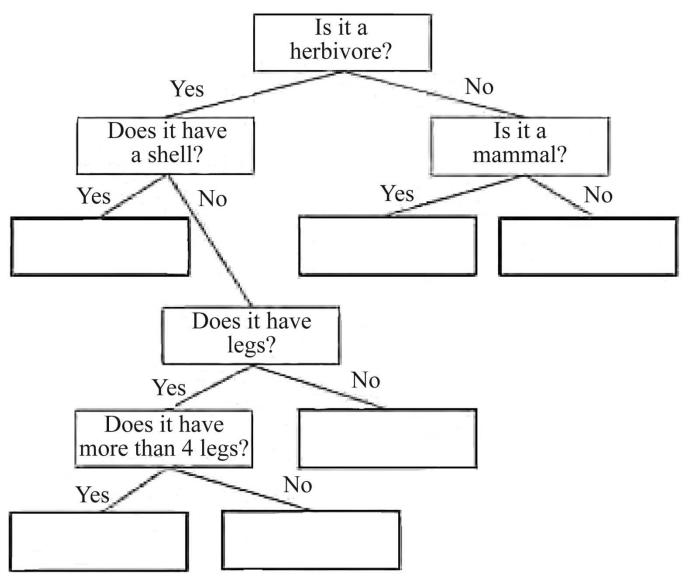
An example classification chart for the arthropods



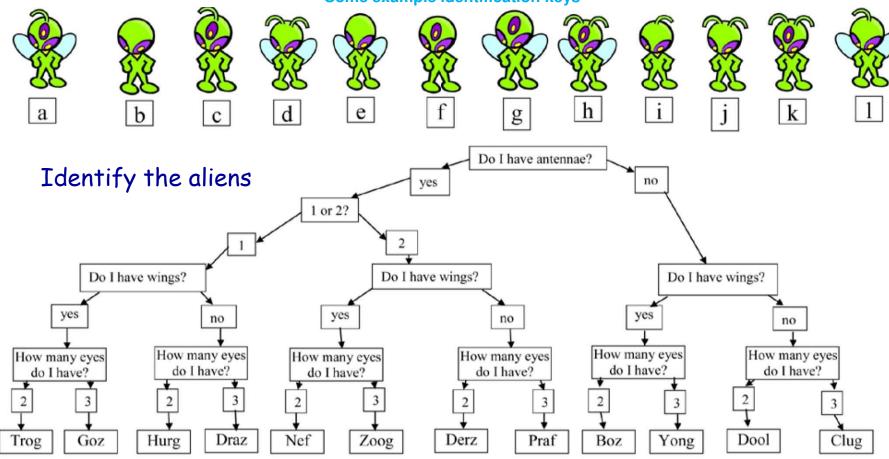
An example of a dichotomous key to separate plants and animals into major groups



A simple Dichotomous key for identifying a mini-beast.



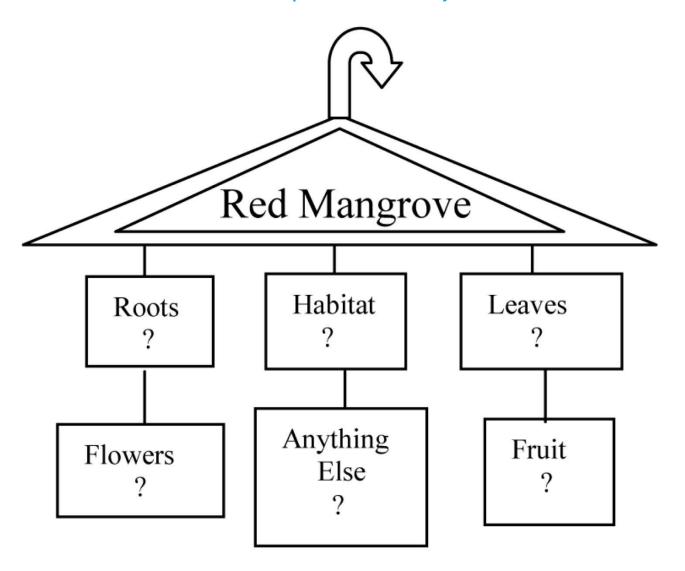
Introducing students to making their own identification key.



Letter	Alien's Name	Letter	Alien's Name	Letter	Alien's Name
a		e		i	
b		f		j	
С		g		k	
d		h		1	

Characteristic	Red Mangrove	Black Mangrove	White Mangrove	Buttonwood
Habitat	along the shoreline, and in lagoons, in salty water	usually to landward of red mangroves in shallower, salty water	usually to landward of black mangroves in brackish water	near the sea on rocks, beaches and salinas (not usually in water)
Roots	thick stilt or prop roots and long, slender aerial roots	no prop roots, surrounded by thin snorkel roots which stick out above the water	thick knobby breathing roots, no prop roots	no prop or breathing roots
Appearance Leaves Position	large, rounded and leathery Opposite	long and thin, salt crystals on back Opposite	rounded, sometimes with pinkish stems, 2 small bumps (salt glands) at base of leaf Opposite	long and thin, 2 small bumps (salt glands) at base of leaf stem
Flowers	yellow-cream with 4 pointed petals	white, four petals	very small, white	very small, in clusters
Fruit	form torpedo-like plantlets on the tree	about 1 inch long, flattened	green and ribbed, in clusters	in clusters in rounded heads

Identification guide to the four most common species in mangrove ecosystems.



An example of an identification mobile